# **SpotView**

# **Sustainable Processes and Optimized Techniques for Industrially Efficient Water Usage**

Frankfurt, February 8<sup>th</sup>, 2018 Eric Fourest, CTP, France Antti Grönroos, VTT, Finland







## Objectives:

 To develop and demonstrate innovative, sustainable and efficient processes and technology components, in order to optimize the use of natural resources, especially water, in three industrial sectors (Dairy, Pulp and Paper and Steel)







- 14 existing and new technologies will be assessed, including solid/liquid separation, ultrafiltration, deionization, biological treatment, disinfection and chemical heat pump
- 9 water management practices assessed in simulated or operational environment for in the three industrial sectors
- 7 selected technologies demonstration in industrial environment









#### Pilot scale processes

#### Separation technologies



Filtration, flotation of suspended solids (KL. AMIII)





Elevated Pressure sonication (SERE)



Ultrafiltration of colloïds (VAL)



Deionization (BFI, AMIII)



Aerobic/ Anaerobic MBR (CERTH)



Biocontrol concept (XC)

**Chemical Heat** pump (CAL)





Applications demonstrated in the project Industrial water sources

**PAPER** industry (SCA, EL, CTP, VTT)



- Pulp and paper processes water - WWTP effluents

STEEL industry (AMIII, BFI)



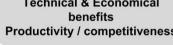
- Steel processes water - Cooling water - Sea water

**DAIRY** industry ( MEVGAL, CERTH)



- Dairy product process effluents - Wash water - WWTP effluents

**Technical & Economical** benefits Productivity / competitiveness



Environmental benefits & **Process sustainability** 



New technologies development



Valuable substance recovery



Efluent re-use



Heat recovery

Biogas production



water usage



Reduced



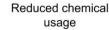
Minimized water foot print



Reduced energy consumption



Reduced greenhouse gases emissions



# **European consortium**





### The XV of Europe



#### from 9 EU countries





# **Technologies and Strategies**





Strategies (deliverable D4 – WP2)	•	
Extraction and recovery of valuable compounds from process streams		
Reuse of WWTP effluent		
Product sterilization on a by-product/waste stream		
Use of biogas from the anaerobic WWTP		
Close loop water recycling (CIP effluents)		
Novel method form microbial control		
Internal process water purification and microbial control		
Use of waste heat recovery from effluents		
Recycling of back flush water of sand filtration		
Cascade reuse of process water with different qualities		
Saving fresh water using rain/sea water		







### Objectives

- Each process and technology will be evaluated in terms of environmental impacts and benefits (SpotView targets: 20% to 90% reduction of water usage, wastewater emissions, chemicals and energy use).
- Economic exploitation of the proposed technologies is pursued through a well described business case scenario and market penetration strategy

#### Expectations

- Market opportunities for future services and technology products
  - up to 2800 new equipment and 7000 new jobs in Europe
- Expected gains for the industrial sectors: 1.5 b∈ for Europe
  - recovery of by-products
  - cost economy related to energy, chemicals and additives saving,
- Production capacity increased for technology end-users: up to 20 b€





# **Work Programme**



- WP2 Technologies components testing in realistic environment
  - Select and assess existing or innovative technologies and process components.
  - Test individual technologies or process components in realistic environment,
    - under 'high-fidelity' laboratory set-ups
    - with real or closely simulated water and wastewater samples.
- WP3 Technologies assembling in simulated or operational environment
  - Combination of selected technologies and processes to optimize water usage in each industrial sectors,
  - Assessment of these combinations in simulated (process model) or operational environment (pilot).





# **Work Programme**



- WP4 Technologies demonstration in operational environment
  - Demonstrate the techniques selected in the WP3 at industrial sites from the dairy, paper and steel industries.
  - As basis for the business cases the pilot plant will be installed in situ...
  - Results will be compared with the ones obtained in WP3 to define rules for the scale up used for the later business
- WP5 Environmental and techno-economic evaluation
  - Supporting the development of technology solutions in WP2 and WP3 and at assessing the sustainability of the demonstrators from WP4 through environmental, hazard and techno-economic evaluations
- WP6 Innovation outreach, impact, and exploitation
  - Maximize the outreach and impact of innovations of the SPOTVIEW project in terms of enhanced market and business opportunities, growth and jobs in Europe, and dissemination of non-proprietary results

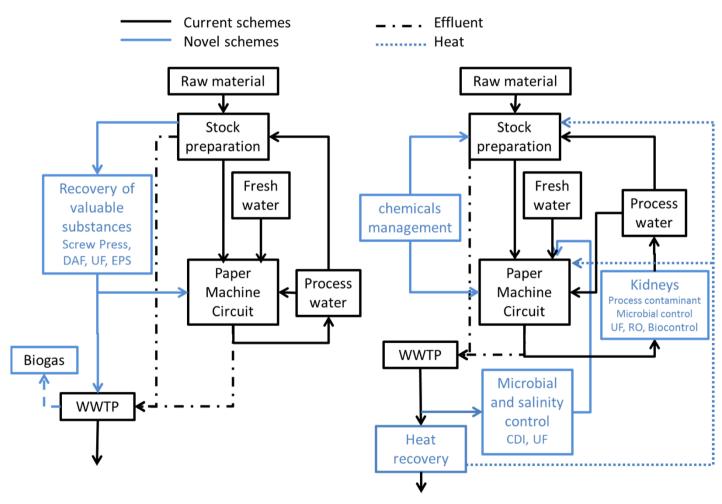








Figure 3: new water management practices for the Paper Industry







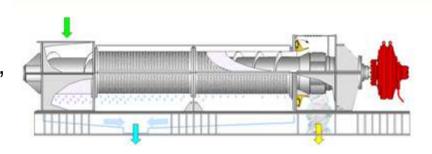
# **Key technologies – Pulp washing**





- Kadant Lamort Physico Chemical separation includes pulp washing technologies: extraction presses seems to be most relevant unit for efficient separation.
- Such equipment have been applied in several industries including Pulp & Paper, mainly for thickening and liquid / solids separation.
- Application: optimizing the extraction of solids and colloids by designing a high extraction yield unit.
  - Demonstration in industrial Environment
  - TRL of such technology is 7 or 8.











# **Key technologies – OptiFilter CR**





- Valmet Technologies Inc. has developed a new Optifilter CR ultrafilter for tissue mills
- Produce high quality water for the paper machine's wire and press section showers.
  - free from solid substances, colloidal material, turbidity, bacteria and secondary/micro sticky
  - contains 50-70 % less anionic trash than the feed water.
- OptiFilter CR device will be used at Essity Nokia mill to replace warm fresh water by UF process water,
  - decreasing fresh water consumption by
    1-2 m³/t paper
  - Generating savings in heating energy.











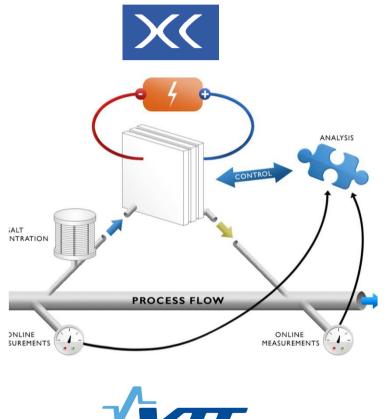
# **Key technologies - Biocontrol**







- Biocide is produced at-site directly from the salt substances in the process by utilizing electrolysis.
- For **cost efficiency**, concentration of the salts is needed before electrolysis.
- Membrane technology will be used in purification and concentration of salt substances for the electrolysis.
- Biocontrol will be tested on site with electrolysis system developed by XerChem.









### **Key technologies – Chemical Heat Pump**





- Description: The novel and patented chemical heat pump uses liquid polyphosphates and water,
  - analogy to adenosine triphosphate (ATP) as used by living cells.
  - much higher temperature increases
    up to 100°C –
  - 20 to 30x less electrical energy consumption.
- Application: the chemical heat pump will be further studied and developed for dairy, paper and steel industry with a focus on lower temperature waste heat (<75°C).</li>









#### **Thank You**



































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